

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Claims 1-33 (Canceled)

34. (Currently Amended) An optical head apparatus comprising:

a first optical system including a first light source and a first objective lens for focusing a first light beam emitted from the first light source upon a first optical disc;

a second optical system including a second light source emitting a second light beam having a wavelength longer than the first light source and a second objective lens for focusing the second light beam emitted from the second light source upon a second optical disc; ~~and disc;~~

~~a deflecting element including a first reflecting surface for deflecting the first light beam and guiding the same first light beam toward the first objective lens in the first optical system; and system; and~~

a second reflecting surface for deflecting the second light beam and guiding the same second light beam toward the second objective lens in the second optical system; ~~the first reflecting surface and the second reflecting surface being integrally formed with the deflecting element; system;~~

wherein the second optical disc has an information recording density smaller than the first optical disc; ~~and disc,~~

the first objective lens and the second objective lens are arranged along a tangential direction to a track on an optical disc, ~~and~~

the second objective lens is disposed on a line substantially passing a center of the optical disc, and the first objective lens is disposed at a position out of the line.

35. (Currently Amended) An optical head apparatus ~~according to claim 34, wherein comprising:~~

a first optical system including a first light source and a first objective lens for focusing a first light beam emitted from the first light source upon a first optical disc;

a second optical system including a second light source emitting a second light beam having a wavelength longer than the first light source and a second objective lens

for focusing the second light beam emitted from the second light source upon a second optical disc;

a first reflecting surface for deflecting the first light beam and guiding the first light beam toward the first objective lens in the first optical system; and

a second reflecting surface for deflecting the second light beam and guiding the second light beam toward the second objective lens in the second optical system;

wherein the second optical disc has an information recording density smaller than the first optical disc,

the first objective lens and the second objective lens are arranged along a tangential direction to a track on an optical disc, and

the second optical system further includes a third light source emitting a light beam having a wavelength longer than the second light source.

36. (Previously Presented) An optical head apparatus according to claim 34, wherein the first reflecting surface and the second reflecting surface are arranged so as to deflect a light beam traveling from the first light source to the first reflecting surface and a light beam traveling from the second light source to the second reflecting surface, to which are opposite and substantially parallel, in such a way to propagate from the respective reflecting surfaces substantially in parallel to each other.

37. (Previously Presented) An optical head apparatus according to claim 34, wherein the deflecting element includes a triangle prism.

38. (Canceled).

39. (Previously Presented) An optical head apparatus according to claim 34, wherein the light beam from the second light source is irradiated upon a DVD.

40. (Previously Presented) An optical head apparatus according to claim 34, wherein the second objective lens is thinner than the first objective lens.

41. (Previously Presented) An optical head apparatus according to claim 34, wherein the first objective lens has an outer diameter smaller than the second objective lens.

42. (Previously Presented) An optical head apparatus according to claim 34, further comprising:

a first diverging element for deflecting a light beam traveling from the first light source to the deflecting element to a direction substantially parallel to the optical disc; and

a second diverging element for deflecting a light beam traveling from the second light source to the deflecting element to a direction substantially parallel to the optical disc.

43. (Currently Amended) An optical head apparatus according to claim 42, further comprising:

a light detector disposed opposite to the first light source with respect to the first diverging element in the first optical system,

wherein the first diverging element includes a first reflecting surface for reflecting the light beam from the first light source to the deflecting element and a second reflecting surface for reflecting the light beam ~~from the~~from the deflecting element to the light detector.

44. (Currently Amended) An optical head apparatus ~~according to claim 34~~, further comprising:

a first optical system including a first light source and a first objective lens for focusing a first light beam emitted from the first light source upon a first optical disc;

a second optical system including a second light source emitting a second light beam having a wavelength longer than the first light source and a second objective lens for focusing the second light beam emitted from the second light source upon a second optical disc;

a first reflecting surface for deflecting the first light beam and guiding the first light beam toward the first objective lens in the first optical system;

a second reflecting surface for deflecting the second light beam and guiding the second light beam toward the second objective lens in the second optical system; and

an objective lens actuator including;

a base;

a movable body for holding the first objective lens and the second objective lens;

a slender elastic support member for movably supporting the movable body movable in a focusing direction and a tracking direction with respect to the base;

a first focusing driver for driving the first objective lens in the focusing direction;

a second focusing driver for driving the second objective lens in the focusing direction;

a first tracking driver for driving the first objective lens in the tracking direction; and

a second tracking driver for driving the second objective lens in the tracking direction;

wherein the slender elastic supporting member extends in a tangential direction to the ~~optical disc~~optical disc;

wherein the second optical disc has an information recording density smaller than the first optical disc, and

the first objective lens and the second objective lens are arranged along a tangential direction to a track on an optical disc.

45. (Currently Amended) An optical head apparatus according to claim 44, wherein

the first focusing driver includes a first focusing coil mounted on a first objective lens side of the movable body, and a first magnet fixedly attached to the base in a position opposite to the first focusing coil, and

the second focusing driver includes a second focusing coil mounted on a second objective lens side of the movable body and a second magnet fixedly attached to the base in a position opposite to the second focusing coil.

46. (Currently Amended) An optical head apparatus according to claim 45, wherein the objective lens actuator is set so as to make the phase of a driving signal for moving the second objective lens in the focusing direction later than that for the first objective lens, and includes a phase advancing device for advancing the phase of the driving signal for moving the second objective lens in the focusing direction against that for the first objective lens in a predetermined frequency region when focus control is executed to the second objective lens.

47. (Previously Presented) An optical head apparatus according to claim 46, wherein the phase advancing device includes a phase filter which advances a phase of a driving signal supplied to the focusing coil in the second focusing driver in a predetermined frequency region.

48. (Currently Amended) An optical head apparatus according to claim 45, wherein the objective lens actuator is configured so as to make the phase of a driving signal for moving the first objective lens in the focusing direction later than that for the second objective lens, and includes a phase advancing device for advancing the phase of the driving signal for moving the first objective lens in the focusing direction against that for the second objective lens in a predetermined frequency region when focus control is executed to the first objective lens.

49. (Previously Presented) An optical head apparatus according to claim 48, wherein the phase advancing device includes a phase filter which advances a phase of the driving signal supplied to a focusing coil in the first focusing driver within a predetermined frequency region.

50. (Previously Presented) An optical head apparatus according to claim 47, wherein the phase filter includes a combination of a high-pass filter and a low-pass filter for advancing the phase of the driving signal within a predetermined frequency region.

51. (Previously Presented) optical head apparatus according to claim 46, wherein the predetermined frequency region is a frequency region where an inherent resonance of the slender elastic support member occurs.

52. (Currently Amended) An optical head apparatus according to claim 45, wherein
the first focusing coil and the second focusing coil are disposed in both sides of a plane passing a gravity center of the movable body and perpendicular to the tracking direction, and

the movable body is tiltable about an axis extending along the tangential direction by adjusting an electric current supplied to the first focusing coil and the second focusing coil.

53. (Previously Presented) An optical head apparatus according to claim 46, wherein the movable body is so disposed that the gravity center of the movable body is closer to the first focusing coil than the second focusing coil along the tangential direction to delay the moving phase of the second objective lens in the focusing direction.

54. (Previously Presented) An optical head apparatus according to claim 48, wherein the movable body is so disposed that the gravity center of the movable body is closer to the second focusing coil than the first focusing coil along the tangential direction to delay the moving phase of the first objective lens in the focusing direction.

55. (Previously Presented) An optical head apparatus according to claim 48, wherein a gap between the first focusing coil and the first magnet is set so as to be greater than a gap between the second focusing coil and the second magnet to delay the moving phase of the first objective lens in the focusing direction.

56. (Previously Presented) An optical head apparatus according to claim 46, wherein a gap between the second focusing coil and the second magnet is set so as to be greater than a gap between the first focusing coil and the first magnet to delay the phase of the driving signal for moving the second objective lens in the focusing direction.

57. (Previously Presented) An optical head apparatus according to claim 48, wherein a magnetic field of the first magnet is generated so as to be smaller than that of the second magnet to delay the phase of the driving signal for moving the first objective lens in the focusing direction.

58. (Previously Presented) An optical head apparatus according to claim 48, wherein a magnetic field of the second magnet is generated so as to be smaller than that of the first magnet to delay the phase of the driving signal for moving the second objective lens in the focusing direction.

59. (Currently Amended) An optical information apparatus comprising:

an optical head apparatus ~~according to claim 34~~; including:

a first optical system including a first light source and a first objective lens for focusing a first light beam emitted from the first light source upon a first optical disc,

a second optical system including a second light source emitting a second light beam having a wavelength longer than the first light source and a second objective lens for focusing the second light beam emitted from the second light source upon a second optical disc,

a first reflecting surface for deflecting the first light beam and guiding the first light beam toward the first objective lens in the first optical system, and

a second reflecting surface for deflecting the second light beam and guiding the second light beam toward the second objective lens in the second optical system,

wherein the second optical disc has an information recording density smaller than the first optical disc, the first objective lens and the second objective lens are arranged along a tangential direction to a track on an optical disc, the second objective lens is disposed on a line substantially passing a center of the optical disc, and the first objective lens is disposed at a position out of the line;
a motor for rotating the optical disc; and

a control circuit for receiving a signal from the optical head apparatus to control drive of the optical head apparatus and the motor based on the signal.

60. (Currently Amended) A computer comprising:

an optical information apparatus ~~according to claim 59;~~ having:

an optical head apparatus according to claim 34; including:

a first optical system including a first light source and a first objective lens for focusing a first light beam emitted from the first light source upon a first optical disc,

a second optical system including a second light source emitting a second light beam having a wavelength longer than the first light source and a second objective lens for focusing the second light beam emitted from the second light source upon a second optical disc,

a first reflecting surface for deflecting the first light beam and guiding the first light beam toward the first objective lens in the first optical system, and

a second reflecting surface for deflecting the second light beam and guiding the second light beam toward the second objective lens in the second optical system,

wherein the second optical disc has an information recording density smaller than the first optical disc, the first objective lens and the second objective lens are arranged along a tangential direction to a track on an optical disc, the second objective lens is disposed on a line substantially passing a center of the optical disc, and the first objective lens is disposed at a position out of the line;

a motor for rotating the optical disc; and

a control circuit for receiving a signal from the optical head apparatus to control drive of the optical head apparatus and the motor based on the signal;

an input device or input terminal for inputting information;

a calculating device for calculating based on information inputted by the input device or information reproduced by the optical information apparatus; and

an output device or an output terminal for displaying or outputting information inputted by the input device, information reproduced by the optical information apparatus, or a result calculated by the calculating device.

61. (Currently Amended) An optical disc player comprising:

~~an optical information apparatus according to claim 59~~ having:

an optical head apparatus including:

a first optical system including a first light source and a first objective lens for focusing a first light beam emitted from the first light source upon a first optical disc,

a second optical system including a second light source emitting a second light beam having a wavelength longer than the first light source and a second objective lens for focusing the second light beam emitted from the second light source upon a second optical disc,

a first reflecting surface for deflecting the first light beam and guiding the first light beam toward the first objective lens in the first optical system, and

a second reflecting surface for deflecting the second light beam and guiding the second light beam toward the second objective lens in the second optical system,

wherein the second optical disc has an information recording density smaller than the first optical disc, the first objective lens and the second objective lens are arranged along a tangential direction to a track on an optical disc, the second objective lens is disposed on a line substantially passing a center of the optical disc, and the first objective lens is disposed at a position out of the line;

a motor for rotating the optical disc; and

a control circuit for receiving a signal from the optical head apparatus to control drive of the optical head apparatus and the motor based on the signal; and

an information-to-image decoder for converting an information signal generated by the optical information apparatus to an image.

62. (Currently Amended) A car navigation system comprising:

an optical information apparatus according to claim 59 having:

an optical head apparatus including:

a first optical system including a first light source and a first objective lens for focusing a first light beam emitted from the first light source upon a first optical disc,

a second optical system including a second light source emitting a second light beam having a wavelength longer than the first light source and a second objective lens for focusing the second light beam emitted from the second light source upon a second optical disc,

a first reflecting surface for deflecting the first light beam and guiding the first light beam toward the first objective lens in the first optical system, and

a second reflecting surface for deflecting the second light beam and guiding the second light beam toward the second objective lens in the second optical system,

wherein the second optical disc has an information recording density smaller than the first optical disc, the first objective lens and the second objective lens are arranged along a tangential direction to a track on an optical disc, the second objective lens is disposed on a line substantially passing a center of the optical disc, and the first objective lens is disposed at a position out of the line;

a motor for rotating the optical disc; and

a control circuit for receiving a signal from the optical head apparatus to control drive of the optical head apparatus and the motor based on the signal; and
an information-to-image decoder for converting the information signal generated by the optical information apparatus to an image.

63. (Currently Amended) An optical disc recorder comprising:

an optical information device according to claim 59 having:

an optical head apparatus including:

a first optical system including a first light source and a first objective lens for focusing a first light beam emitted from the first light source upon a first optical disc,

a second optical system including a second light source emitting a second light beam having a wavelength longer than the first light source and a second objective lens for focusing the second light beam emitted from the second light source upon a second optical disc,

a first reflecting surface for deflecting the first light beam and guiding the first light beam toward the first objective lens in the first optical system, and

a second reflecting surface for deflecting the second light beam and guiding the second light beam toward the second objective lens in the second optical system,

wherein the second optical disc has an information recording density smaller than the first optical disc, the first objective lens and the second objective lens are arranged along a tangential direction to a track on an optical disc, the second objective lens is disposed on a line substantially passing a center of the optical disc, and the first objective lens is disposed at a position out of the line;

a motor for rotating the optical disc; and

a control circuit for receiving a signal from the optical head apparatus to control drive of the optical head apparatus and the motor based on the signal; and
an image-to-information encoder for converting image information to information to be recorded by the optical information apparatus.

64. (Currently Amended) An optical disc server comprising:

~~an optical information apparatus according to claim 59~~ having:

an optical head apparatus including:

a first optical system including a first light source and a first objective lens for focusing a first light beam emitted from the first light source upon a first optical disc,

a second optical system including a second light source emitting a second light beam having a wavelength longer than the first light source and a second objective lens for focusing the second light beam emitted from the second light source upon a second optical disc,

a first reflecting surface for deflecting the first light beam and guiding the first light beam toward the first objective lens in the first optical system, and

a second reflecting surface for deflecting the second light beam and guiding the second light beam toward the second objective lens in the second optical system,

wherein the second optical disc has an information recording density smaller than the first optical disc, the first objective lens and the second objective lens are arranged along a tangential direction to a track on an optical disc, the second objective lens is disposed on a line substantially passing a center of the optical disc, and the first objective lens is disposed at a position out of the line;

a motor for rotating the optical disc; and

a control circuit for receiving a signal from the optical head apparatus to control drive of the optical head apparatus and the motor based on the signal; and

an input-output terminal for allowing information communication with outside.

65. (New) An optical information apparatus comprising:

an optical head apparatus comprising:

a first optical system including a first light source and a first objective lens for focusing a first light beam emitted from the first light source upon a first optical disc;

a second optical system including a second light source emitting a second light beam having a wavelength longer than the first light source and a second

objective lens for focusing the second light beam emitted from the second light source upon a second optical disc;

a first reflecting surface for deflecting the first light beam and guiding the first light beam toward the first objective lens in the first optical system; and

a second reflecting surface for deflecting the second light beam and guiding the second light beam toward the second objective lens in the second optical system;

wherein the second optical disc has an information recording density smaller than the first optical disc, the first objective lens and the second objective lens are arranged along a tangential direction to a track on an optical disc, and the second optical system further includes a third light source emitting a light beam having a wavelength longer than the second light source;

a motor for rotating the optical disc; and

a control circuit for receiving a signal from the optical head apparatus to control drive of the optical head apparatus and the motor based on the signal.

66. (New) An optical head apparatus comprising:

a first optical system including a first light source and a first objective lens for focusing a first light beam emitted from the first light source upon a first optical disc;

a second optical system including a second light source emitting a second light beam having a wavelength longer than the first light source and a second objective lens for focusing the second light beam emitted from the second light source upon a second optical disc;

a first reflecting surface for deflecting the first light beam and guiding the first light beam toward the first objective lens in the first optical system;

a second reflecting surface for deflecting the second light beam and guiding the second light beam toward the second objective lens in the second optical system; and

an objective lens actuator including;

a base;

a movable body for holding the first objective lens and the second objective lens;

a slender elastic support member for movably supporting the movable body movable in a focusing direction and a tracking direction with respect to the base;

a first focusing driver for driving the first objective lens in the focusing direction;

a second focusing driver for driving the second objective lens in the focusing direction;

a first tracking driver for driving the first objective lens in the tracking direction; and

a second tracking driver for driving the second objective lens in the tracking direction;

wherein the slender elastic supporting member extends in a tangential direction to the optical disc;

wherein the second optical disc has an information recording density smaller than the first optical disc, and the first objective lens and the second objective lens are arranged along a tangential direction to a track on an optical disc;

a motor for rotating the optical disc; and

a control circuit for receiving a signal from the optical head apparatus to control drive of the optical head apparatus and the motor based on the signal.

67. (New) An optical head apparatus according to claim 34, further comprising a deflecting element, the first reflecting surface and the second reflecting surface being integrally formed with the deflecting element.

68. (New) An optical head apparatus according to claim 35, further comprising a deflecting element, the first reflecting surface and the second reflecting surface being integrally formed with the deflecting element.

69. (New) An optical head apparatus according to claim 44, further comprising a deflecting element, the first reflecting surface and the second reflecting surface being integrally formed with the deflecting element.